Republic of the Philippines Province of Ilocos Sur MUNICIPALITY OF NARVACAN

OFFICE OF THE SANGGUNIANG BAYAN

62ND Regular Session Held at the Sangguniang Bayan Session Hall On November 21, 2005

> ORDINANCE NO. 13 – 05 Series of 2005

ORDINANCE PROMULGATING THE RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF NARVACAN, ILOCOS SUR

BE IT ORDAINED by the Sangguniang Bayan in session duly assembled that:

ARTICLE I General Principles

Section 1. Title. This Ordinance shall be known as the Children's Welfare Code of the Municipality of Narvacan, Ilocos Sur.

Section 2. Scope. This ordinance is enacted to provide for the protection and preservation of the rights and welfare of all children of the Municipality of Narvacan, llocos Sur. It shall apply to persons below 18 years of age. 'Child', minor, or 'youth' as used in this Ordinance shall refer to such persons.

Section 3. Declaration of Policies and Principles. In recognition of children's rights as provided in Presidential Decree 603 otherwise known as the Child and other local and international laws, it is hereby declared to be the policy of the Municipality of Narvacan, Ilocos Sur that in all actions concerning children, the best interest of the child shall be the primary consideration, hence shall:

- Take appropriate measures to ensure that the child is protected against all forms of discrimination;
- Undertake to ensure the child such protection and care as necessary for his or her well-being;
- C. Afford the necessary protection and assistance to the family, as the fundamental group of society and the natural environment for the growth and well-being of all its members particularly the children, so that it can fully assume its responsibilities within the community; and,
- D. Undertake the holistic protection and development of all children through a strong partnership between and among government agencies, nongovernment agencies and private sectors, serving the highest degree of professionalism and competence in an atmosphere of unity, solidarity and teamwork.

Section 4. Purposes. This Code aims to:

- A. Ensure the protection of children against all forms of abuse and exploitation;
- B. Advocate for children's rights and promote their welfare and development;
- C. Ensure that children's rights are given priority attention both in government and civil society; and,

D. Improve the quality of life of the children to enable them to fully develop their potentials and participate in community life and nation building.

Section 5. Definition of Terms. The following items used in this Ordinance shall be defined as follows:

- A. 'Children' refers to persons below eighteen (18) years of age or those over but are unable to fully take care of themselves or protect themselves from abuse, neglect, cruelty, exploitation or discrimination because of a physical or mental disability or condition;
- B. 'Survival Rights' deal with the provision in relation to parental and governmental duties and liabilities, adequate living standard and access to basic health and health services and social security;
- C. 'Development Rights' pertain to the access of a child to educational opportunities, access to relevant information, play, leisure, cultural activities and the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion;
- Protection Rights' cover those which guard children against all forms of child abuse, exploitation and discrimination in major areas where he is considered in extremely difficult circumstances;
- E. 'Participation Rights' include the child's freedom to express oneself in matters affecting his/her life as part of preparation for responsible parenthood and to freedom of association:
- F. 'Child Abuse' refers to the maltreatment, whether habitual or not, of the child which includes any of the following:
 - Psychological and physical abuse, neglect, cruelty, sexual abuse and emotional maltreatment;
 - 2. Any act by deeds or words which debases, degrades or demeans the intrinsic worth and dignity of a child as a human being;
 - 3. Unreasonable deprivation of his/her basic needs for survival, such as food and shelter; or,
 - 4. Failure to immediately give medical treatment to an injured child resulting in serious impairment of his/her growth and development or in his/her permanent incapacity or death;
- G. 'Crisis Situation' pertains to a condition whereby an individual, family or group of persons are faced with a difficult and stressful situation resulting to the impairment of their psycho-social functioning, thereby needing immediate or urgent interventions to prevent further exposure to exploitation, abuse and neglect;
- H. 'Day Care' refers to the provision of substitute parental care and stimulating activities for the total development of children zero to five (0-5) years old when their parents are unable to take care of them during part of the day because of work and some other situation; and,
- I. 'Juvenile' refers to a young person who is physiologically immature and undeveloped and reflecting psychological or intellectual immaturity.

ARTICLE II Rights and Duties of a Child

Section 6. Rights of a Child. All children shall be entitled to the rights herein set forth without distinction as to legitimacy or illegitimacy, sex, social status, religion, political antecedents, and other factors.

- A. Every child is endowed with the dignity and worth of a human being from the moment of his conception, as generally accepted in medical parlance, and has, therefore, the right to be born well;
- B. Every child has the right to a wholesome family life that will provide him with love, care and understanding, guidance and counseling, and moral and

material security. The dependent or abandoned child shall be provided with the nearest substitute for a home;

- C. Every child has the right to a well-rounded development of his personality to the end that he may become a happy, useful and active member of society. The gifted child shall be given opportunity and encouragement to develop his special talents. The emotionally disturbed or socially maladjusted child shall be treated with sympathy and understanding, and shall be entitled to treatment and competent care. The physically or mentally handicapped shall be given the treatment, education and care requiring by his particular condition;
- D. Every child has the right to a balanced diet, adequate clothing, sufficient shelter, proper medical attention, and all the basic physical requirements of a health and vigorous life:
- E. Every child has the right to be brought up in an atmosphere of morality and rectitude for the enrichment and the strengthening of his character;
- F. Every child has the right to an education commensurate with his abilities and to the development of his skills for the improvement of his capacity for service to himself and to his fellowmen;
- G. Every child has the right to full opportunities for safe and wholesome recreation and activities, individual as well as social, for the wholesome use of his leisure hours:
- H. Every child has the right to protection against exploitation, improper influences, hazards, and other conditions or circumstances prejudicial top his physical, mental, emotional, social and moral development;
- Every child has the right to live in a community and a society that can offer him an environment free from pernicious influences and conducive to the promotion of his health and the cultivation of his desirable traits and attributes;
- J. Every child has the right to the care, assistance and protection of the Municipality of Narvacan, Ilocos Sur, particularly when his parents or guardians fail or unable to provide him with fundamental needs for growth, development, and improvement;
- K. Every child has the right to an efficient and honest government that will deepen his faith in democracy and inspire him with the morality of the constituted authorities both in their public and private lives; and,
- L. Every child has the right to grow up as a free individual, in an atmosphere of peace, understanding, tolerance, and universal brotherhood, and with the determination to contribute his share in the building of a better world.

Section 7. Responsibilities of the Child. Every child, regardless of the circumstances of birth, sex, religion, social status, political antecedents and other factors shall:

- A. Strive to live an upright and virtuous life in accordance with the tenets of his/her religion, the teaching of his/her elders and mentors, and the bidding of a clean conscience;
- B. Love, respect and obey his/her parents, and cooperate with them in strengthening the family;
- C. Extend to his/her brothers and sisters love, thoughtfulness and helpfulness, and endeavor with them to keep the family harmonious and united;
- D. Exert his/her utmost effort to develop his/her potentialities for service, particularly by undergoing formal education, suited to his/her abilities, in order that he/she may become an asset to himself/herself and to society;
- E. Respect not only his/her elders but also the customs and traditions of his/her people, the memory of his/her people's heroes, the duly constituted authorities, the laws of the country and the principles and institutions of democracy;

- F. Actively participate in civic affairs and in the promotion of the general welfare, recognizing that it is the youth who will eventually be called upon to discharge the responsibility of leadership in shaping the nation's future; and,
- G. Help in the observance of individual human rights, in strengthening freedom everywhere, in fostering cooperation among nations in the pursuit of their common aspiration for unity and prosperity, and furtherance of world peace.

ARTICLE III Duties and Liabilities of Parents

Section 8. The home shall provide an atmosphere conducive to the upbringing of children, particularly with respect to their preparation for adult life and the conscientious discharge of their civic duties as a whole.

To this end, the Municipality of Narvacan shall ensure recognition of the principle that both parents have common responsibilities for the upbringing and development of the child. Parents or, as the case may be, legal guardians, have the primary responsibility for the upbringing and development of the child. The best interests of the child will be their basic concern.

Section 9. General Duties. Parents shall have the following general duties toward their children:

- A. To give their children affection, companionship and understanding;
- B. To extend to them the benefits of moral guidance, self discipline and religious instruction:
- C. To supervise their activities, including their recreation;
- D. To inculcate in them the value of industry, thrift and self-reliance;
- E. To stimulate their interest in civic affairs, teach them the duties of citizenship, and develop their commitment to their country;
- F. To advise them properly on any matter affecting their development and wellbeing;
- G. To always set a good example;
- H. To provide them with adequate support, as defined in Article 194 of the Family Code; and
- To administer their property, if any, according to their best interest, subject to the provisions of Article 225 to 227 of the Family Code.

Section 10. Liabilities of Parents. Criminal liability shall attach to any parents who:

- Conceals or abandons the child with intent to make such child lose his civil status;
- B. Abandons the child under such circumstances as to deprive him of the love, care and protection he needs;
- C. Sells or abandons the child to another person for valuable consideration;
- Neglects the child by not giving him the education which the family's station in life and financial conditions permit;
- E. Fails or refuses, without justifiable grounds, to enroll the child as required by Article 72 of Presidential Decree No. 603;
- F. Causes, abets, or permits the truancy of the child from the school where he is enrolled. 'Truancy' as here used means absence without cause for more than twenty schooldays, not necessarily consecutive. It shall be the duty of the teacher in charge to report to the parents the absences of the child the moment these exceed five schooldays;
- G. Improperly exploits the child by using him, directly or indirectly, such as for purposes of begging and other acts which are inimical to his interest and welfare;

- H. Inflicts cruel and unusual punishment upon the child or deliberately subjects him to indignities and other excessive chastisement that embarrass or humiliate him;
- 1. Causes or encourages the child to lead an immoral or dissolute life;
- J. Permits the child to possess, handle or carry a deadly weapon, regardless of its ownership; and,
- K. Allows or requires the child to drive without a license while the parent knows to have been illegally procured. If the motor vehicle driven by the child belongs to the parent, it shall be presumed that he permitted or ordered the child to drive. 'Parents' as here used shall include the guardian and the head of the institution or foster home which has custody of the child.

ARTICLE IV Duties in General of the Community

Section 11. Community Defined. As used in this Article, a community shall mean, the local government, together with the society of individuals or institutions, both public and private, in which a child lives.

Section 12. Duties of the Community. To insure the full enjoyment of the right of every child to live in a society that offers or guarantees him safety, health, good moral environment and facilities for his wholesome growth and development, it shall be the duty of the community to:

- A. Bring about a healthy environment necessary to the normal growth of children and enhancement of their physical, mental and spiritual well-being;
- B. Help institutions of learning, whether public or private, achieve the fundamental objectives of education;
- C. Organize or encourage movements and activities, for the furtherance of the interests of children and youth;
- D. Promote the establishment and maintenance of adequately equipped playgrounds, parks, and other recreational facilities;
- E. Support parent education program by encouraging its members to attend and actively participate therein;
- F. Assist the Municipal Government in combating and curtailing juvenile delinquency and in rehabilitating wayward children;
- G. Aid in carrying out special projects for the betterment of children in the remote areas or belonging to cultural minorities or those who are out of school; and,
- H. Cooperate with the private and public child welfare agencies in providing care, training and protection to destitute, abandoned, neglected, abused, handicapped and disturbed children.

ARTICLE V Plans, Programs and Services for Children

Section 13. Planning for the Protection of Children. The Municipal Government of Narvacan shall regularly update the Work and Financial Plan for the Protection of Children so that it shall be responsive to the needs of the times. The same shall be drawn through the consultative and participatory involvement of the non-government organizations and other concerned groups and agencies, and shall be incorporated in the annual development plan, and short and long-term plans of the Municipality.

Section 14. Legislative Measures. The Sangguniang Bayan shall ensure that in the enactment of legislative measures, children's concerns shall be taken into consideration.

Section 15. Health Program. The Municipality shall support/institutionalize/establish the following health programs through the efforts of the Municipal Health Office:

A. Primary Child Health Program. This program is designed primarily to cater to children and shall include the following:

 Pre and Post Natal Care – to ensure the health of the unborn child through the provision of health care to the mother during pregnancy, and assist in the delivery of the baby and provide counseling on breastfeeding and family planning for the mother.

2. Expanded Programs on Immunization – to provide immunization for both mother and child for the preventive tuberculosis, diphtheria, pertusis, neonatal tetanus, measles, poliomyelitis, hepatitis B for children from zero (0) to twelve (12) months old.

3. Nutrition Program – to monitor nutritional status of all children through 'Operation Timbang', make necessary interventions to all malnourished children and perform other activities of DOH's nutrition program.

4. Comprehensive campaign program regarding the prevention and control of the following:

a. Acute Respiratory infection

b. Diarrhea and other digestive diseases

c. Communicable and non-communicable diseases

d. Sexually-transmitted diseases

e. Dengue fever;

B. Midwife-for-Every-Barangay Program. The Municipality shall designate one

 (1) midwife for every barangay to coordinate and monitor the implementation
 of health programs;

C. Mothers' Class Program. Comprehensive mother's classes shall be offered providing gender-responsive courses on reproductive health, child health and child rearing practices in the context of Filipino psychology to equip mothers and would-be mothers with basic child care knowledge;

D. Milk Code Program. The Municipality shall support and promote the Executive Order No. 51 otherwise known as the Milk Code where the Municipality shall conduct comprehensive information and education campaign on breastfeeding;

E. Child-Friendly Health Centers. The Health Center in the municipality shall offer child-friendly equipment and facilities to provide comfort to children to ensure speedy recovery. As well, the comfort of a mother delivering a baby shall be ensured by allowing husbands or partners in the delivery room;

F. Health Board. The Municipal Health Board shall:

1. Propose annual budgetary allocations for the operation and maintenance of health facilities and services for children; and,

2. Serve as an advisory Committee on Child Care and other health matters;

G. Aid to Indigent Parents of Children Patients. The Municipality shall intensify its support to PhilHealth's 'Medicare Para sa Masa' program through the provision of the twenty-five percent (25%) of the premium contributions (as counterpart of the Municipality) of qualified indigent members particularly those who are indigent parents of children patients in the municipality;

H. Adolescent Reproductive Health Care. In support to the World Health Organization's campaign program on Reproductive Health, the municipal government shall establish a Comprehensive Adolescent Reproductive Health Program to ensure the health and social well-being of the children and the youth. Under this program, it shall provide advocacy and trainings/seminars and the like; Implementation of the 'Salt Iodization Law'. The Municipality shall intensify its campaign program on the production, sale and use of iodized salt pursuant to Municipal Ordinance No. 01-08, Series of 2002 to ensure the health and welfare of its people particularly children and expectant mothers; and,

J. Registry of Differently-Abled children. The Municipal Health Office in coordination with the Department of Health (DOH) shall spearhead the registration of the differently-abled children in the municipality. The data gathered from the registration shall be used for the preparation of a situational analysis which will be the basis for the planning and proposal of welfare programs for the differently-abled children in the Municipal Social Welfare and Development Office (MSWDO).

The Municipal Health Office may implement other children-related programs which may be deemed necessary.

Section 16. Social Welfare Programs. The municipal government shall support/establish/institutionalize the following Social Welfare Programs for Children:

- A. Day Care Service. The Municipality shall establish day care centers in every barangay which will provide unstructured combined with structured learning exercises for children from three (3) to five (5) years old.
- B. Solo Parent Welfare Programs. In accordance with the RA 8972 otherwise known as the Solo Parent Welfare Act of 2000, the Municipality shall establish a comprehensive package of development and welfare services catering to solo parents or individuals who falls under any of the following categories:
 - A woman who gives birth as a result of rape or crimes against chastity, even without a final conviction of the offender: Provided, that the mother keeps and raises the child;
 - Parent left solo or alone with the responsibility of parenthood due to death of spouse;
 - 3. Parent left solo or alone with the responsibility of parenthood while the spouse is detained or is serving sentence for a criminal conviction for at least one (1) year. The law applies to the spouses of prisoners, whether or not a final judgment has been rendered, provided they are in detention for a minimum period of one (1) year;
 - Parent left solo or alone with the responsibility of parenthood due to physical and/or mental incapacity of spouse as certified by a public medical practitioner;
 - Parent left solo or alone with the responsibility of parenthood due to legal separation or de facto separation from spouse for at least one (1) year; Provided, that he or she is entrusted with the custody of the children;
 - Parent left solo or alone with the responsibility of parenthood due to declaration of nullity or annulment of marriage as decreed by a court or by a church; Provided, that he or she is entrusted with the custody of the children;
 - 7. Parent left solo or alone with the responsibility of parenthood due to abandonment of spouse for at least one (1) year;
 - Unmarried mother/father who has preferred to keep and rear his or her child/children instead of having others care for them or give them up to welfare institution;
 - Any other person who solely provides parental care and support to a child or children provided he or she is duly licensed as a foster parent be by the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD), or duly appointed legal guardian by court;

10. Any family member who assumes the responsibility of head of family as a result of the death, abandonment, disappearance, or absence lasts for at least one (1) year.

Such services shall be implemented in coordination with the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD), Department of Health (DOH), Department of Education (DepEd), Commission on Higher Education (CHED), Department of Labor and Employment (DOLE), and Department of the Interior and Local Government (DILG);

- C. Crisis Intervention Unit. The municipal government shall institutionalize a Crisis Intervention Unit which in general, will provide integrated services such as immediate rescue and protection, provision of direct financial and material assistance (transportation assistance, burial assistance, medical and hospitalization assistance, educational assistance, and clothing assistance), augmentation assistance during disasters and referrals for immediate medical, legal, psychological and other services including temporary shelter to families. Moreover, it shall cater to children who are abandoned, sexually or physically abused, neglected, victim of incest and/or rape and exploited, among others. Such unit shall operate twenty-four (24) hours to respond to any crisis situation at any given time of the day;
- D. Feeding Program. The municipal government shall conduct a regular feeding program in every barangay providing varied and balanced diet to satisfy a child's nutritional requirements;
- E. Parent Effectiveness Services (PES). The Municipality shall institutionalize the PES which shall provide and expand knowledge and skills of parents and others involved in child caring so they can assume the major educational role in their child's development. The course shall include early childhood development, health care, behavior management, husband-wife relationships, and parenting rights and duties; and,
- F. Registry of Employed Children. Pursuant to Article 108 of PD 603, the MSWDO shall conduct a registration of employed children in coordination with DOLE where employers shall register all children or minors employed by him/her. Moreover, the Municipality shall encourage employers to provide at least high school education for minors employed as domestics who are below 16 years old and the cost of education shall be a part of the domestic's compensation. The data gathered from the registration shall be used for the preparation of a situational analysis which will be the basis for the planning and proposal of welfare programs for employed children by the MSWDO.

Section 17. Education and Recreation Program. The Municipality of Narvacan shall support/institutionalize/establish the following Education and Recreation Programs for Children:

- A. Scholarships. The Municipality shall provide educational financial assistance to poor but deserving students in the municipality.
- B. Municipal Library. Pursuant to Article 51 of PD 603, the municipal government shall intensify its support to parents to cultivate the reading habit of a child by ensuring the continuous operation of the municipal library and provision of current and wholesome publications;
- C. Parent-Teacher Community Associations (PTCA). The Municipality of Narvacan, through the Local School Board shall ensure that PTCAs are established in every school to provide a forum for the discussion of problems and their solutions relating to the total school program, and in the implementation of such program. The PTCA shall aid the Municipal Government and other local authorities and school officials in the enforcement of juvenile delinquency control measures, and in the implementation of programs and activities to promote child welfare;

D. Regulation on Video Gaming. Pursuant to Ordinance No. 98 - 14, Series of 2001, the Municipality shall institutionalize the program on regulating video gaming in the Municipality to discourage students to indulge in video gaming particularly during class hours to ensure their attendance in school.

Section 18. Protective and Legal Services. The Municipality shall

support/institutionalize/establish the following Civil Registry Programs:

A. Mobile Registration. In support to Article 7 of the Convention on the Rights of the Child which provides 'that a child shall be registered immediately after birth and shall have the right from birth to a name', the Municipality shall institutionalize registration program by conducting a regular registration of children particularly those living in far-flung barangays; and,

B. Non-disclosure of Records. The Municipality shall adopt a non-disclosure of records policy pursuant to Article 7 of PD 603 where records of a person's birth shall be kept strictly confidential and no information relating thereto shall

be issued except on the request of any of the following:

1. The person himself, or any person authorized by him;

2. His spouse, his parent or parents, his direct descendents, or the guardian or institution legally in-charge of him if he is a minor;

- The court or proper public official whenever absolutely necessary in administrative, judicial or other official proceedings to determine the identity of the child's parents or other circumstances surrounding his birth; and'
- 4. In case of the person's death, the nearest kin.

Section 19. Advocacy. The Municipality shall conduct Information-Education Campaign (IEC) with the help of parents, NGOs, and agencies concerned on the welfare of children and the youth through accurate and efficient information dissemination on the programs, plans and services intended for them.

ARTICLE VI Children's Month Celebration

Section 20. Children's Month. The month of October is hereby declared as Children's Month in the Municipality of Narvacan and October 17 as Children's Day pursuant to Presidential Proclamation Nos. 267 and 74. There shall be events focusing on the promotion of the rights of children. Such activities shall be conducted by the Council for the Protection of Children through the Municipal Social Welfare and Development Office.

ARTICLE VII Implementing Mechanism

Section 21. The Council for the Protection of Children (CPC). There shall be created the Municipal Council for the Protection of Children in the municipality under the Office of the Mayor or hereinafter referred to as the Council.

Section 22. Composition of the Council. In accordance with DILG Memorandum Circular No. 2002-121, or the Revised Guidelines on the Organization and Strengthening of the Local Councils for the Protection of Children (LCPC) Incorporating Thereat Early Childhood Care and Development (ECCD) Coordinating Committees at the Provincial, City, Municipality and Barangay Levels, the Council shall be composed of the following:

A. The Municipal Mayor, as the Chairperson;

B. The Sangguniang Bayan Chairperson on Women and Family;

- C. The Sangguniang Bayan Chairperson on Social Services;
- D. The DILG Field Officer:
- E. The District Supervisor of DepEd;
- F. The MSWD Officer;
- G. The PNP Children and Women's Desk;
- H. The Liga ng mga Barangay President;
- I. The SK Federation President;
- J. The Representative, PTCA;
- K. The Child Representative;
- L. President of the Day Care Workers' Organization;
- M. Non-Government Organizations Representative; and,
- 'N. The Municipal Health Officer.

The Municipal Mayor may designate any member as co-chairperson. Other members may be included as the need arises.

Section 23. Functions of the Municipal Council for the Protection of Children (MCPC). The following shall be the functions of the Council:

- A. Formulate plans, programs and projects for the general welfare and protection of children incorporating therein the barangay plans for children and integrating the same into the Municipality Development Plan;
- B. Monitor, evaluate and review the implementation of the Plan;
- C. Submit quarterly status report on the plan implementation to the Provincial Council for the Protection of Children (PCPC):
- D. Promptly address issues and concerns affecting children and youth;
- E. Advocate for the passage of relevant children and the youth protective legislative measures;
- F. Advocate for increased support and resource allocation for children's programs and projects;
- G. Provide technical assistance and conduct capability building and human resource development activities in coordination with concerned government agencies for community-based frontline workers such as Day Care Workers, Barangay Health Workers, etc.; and,
- H. Prepare contingency measures to protect children and their families for children's situations brought about by natural or man-made calamities.

Section 24. The **Secretariat.** The Municipal Social Welfare and Development Office shall serve as the secretariat and shall be responsible for the documentation of meetings and preparation of reports and other necessary documents of the Council.

Section 25. The Barangay Council for the Protection of Children (BCPC). There shall be a Barangay Council for the Protection of Children in all the barangays of the municipality. The BCPC shall be composed of the following:

- A. Punong Barangay;
- B. Barangay Kagawad (Chairperson on Women & Family);
- C. Barangay Nutrition Scholar;
- D. Barangay Day Care Worker;
- E. Barangay Health Nurse/Midwife;
- F. Barangay Health Worker
- G. DepEd Principal/Teacher-in-Charge:
- H. Chief Tanod;
- SK Chairperson;
- J. Children's Representative:
- K. PTCA President or his/her Representative:
- L. NGO/PO Representaive; and,

M. Others.

Members of the BCPC shall elect from among themselves the co-chairman. Other members may be included as the need arises.

Section 26. Function of the BCPC. The Council shall:

- A. Ensure that every child in the barangay acquires at least an elementary education;
- B. Encourage the proper performance of the duties of parents and provide learning opportunities on the adequate rearing of children and on positive parent-child relationships;
- C. Prepare and make proper representations to the proper authorities regarding cases of child abuse:
- D. Protect and assist abandoned, maltreated and abused children and facilitate cases filed against their abusers;
- E. Prevent child labor in their area and to protect working children from abuse and exploitation:
- F. Take steps to prevent juvenile delinquency and to assist children with behavior problems so that they can get expert advice;
- G. Adopt measures to promote the health and nutrition of children;
- H. Promote the opening and maintenance of playgrounds and day care centers and other services that is necessary for child and youth welfare;
- Coordinate the activities of organizations devoted to the welfare of children and secure their cooperation;
- J. Promote wholesome entertainment in the community;
- K. Assist parents whenever necessary in securing expert guidance and counseling from the proper governmental or private welfare agencies;
- Advocate for the passage of child-friendly barangay ordinances in response to child-related issues and concerns;
- M. Prepare the Barangay Plan of Action for Children which address the needs of children in the community and ensure their integration into the Barangay Development Plan; and.
- N. Submit quarterly barangay accomplishment reports on the implementation of the plan to the MCPC.

ARTICLE VIII Final Provision

Section 27. Appropriation. Funds shall be appropriated for the implementation of this ordinance for administrative expenditures.

Section 28. Penal Provision. Violation of any provision of this Code shall be punished by imprisonment not exceeding of six (6) months or a fine of Five Thousand Pesos (Php5,000.00) or both at the discretion of the proper court. Said penalty shall not cover criminal liabilities committed by the parent/s, legal guardian/s and head/s of the institution or foster home which has custody of the child as provided in Article III Section 10 of this Code.

Section 29. Administrative Provision. If the offender mentioned above admits the offense or liability and is sincere and willing to reform, the penalty may be waived subject to the consent of the child, any member of the child's immediate family, legal guardian or any relative within fourth degree of consanguinity not involved in the commission of the crime or violation. The following measures shall be imposed in case the penalty is waived:

- A. Attendance in any Parent Effectiveness Services (PES) seminar to be conducted by the MSWDO; and,
- B. Community Service of 5 to 10days.

Section 31. Repealing Clause. All ordinances, resolutions, executive orders and other issuances which are inconsistent with this code are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

Section 32. Effectivity Clause. This Code shall take effect 30 days after its approval.

APPROVED Unanimously this 21st day of November 2005.

Certified Correct:

RAFAEL C. CACHOLA SBM / Temporary Presiding Officer

Attested:

SAMUEL M. CORDERO Acting SB Secretary

CONFORME:

SBM MARGARITO A. TEJADA

SBM OSCAR R. POTENCION

SBM ROSALINDA C. CABANILLA

SBM JOEL CONSTANTINO C. COPIOZO

SBM JACINTO C. GARCES
ABC President

SBM/TEOFILO M. CABREROS

CRIMOVINI DI LIM

SBM CARLITO T. CORRALES

SBM ELIEZER S. CORRALES

SKF President

Approved:

EDGARDO D. ZARAGOZA Municipal Mayor

Section 31. Repealing Clause. All ordinances, resolutions, executive orders and other issuances which are inconsistent with this code are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

Section 32. Effectivity Clause. This Code shall take effect 30 days after its approval.

APPROVED Unanimously this 21st day of November 2005.

Certified Correct:

RAFAEL C. CACHOLA

SBM / Temporary Presiding Officer

Attested:

SAMUEL M. CORDERO Acting SB Secretary

CONFORME:

SBM MARGARITO A. TEJADA

SBM_QSCAR R. POTENCION

SBM ROSALINDA C. CABANILLA

SBM JOEL CONSTANTINO C. COPIOZO

SBM JACINTO C. GARCES
ABC President

SBM TEDET M. CABREROS

SBM IRVIN R. LIM

SBM CARLITO T. CORRALES

SBM ELIEZER S. CORRALES

SKF President

Approved)

EDGARDO D. ZARAGOZA

Municipal Mayor

Section 31. Repealing Clause. All ordinances, resolutions, executive orders and other issuances which are inconsistent with this code are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

Section 32. Effectivity Clause. This Code shall take effect 30 days after its approval.

APPROVED Unanimously this 21st day of November 2005.

Certified Correct:

RAFAEL C. CACHOLA

SBM / Temporary Presiding Officer

Attested:

SAMUEL M. CORDERO Acting SB Secretary

CONFORME:

SBM MARGARITO A. TEJADA

SBM OSCAR R. POTENCION

SBM ROSALINDA C. CABANILI

SBM JOEL CONSTANTINO C. COPIOZO

SBM JACINTO C. GARCES
ABC President

SBIN TEOFILO M. CABREROS

SBMHRVIN R. LIM

SBM CARLITO T. CORRALES

SBM ELIEZER S. CORRALES

SKF President

EDGARDO D. ZARAGOZA

Approved:

Municipal Mayor

Section 31. Repealing Clause. All ordinances, resolutions, executive orders and other issuances which are inconsistent with this code are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

Section 32. Effectivity Clause. This Code shall take effect 30 days after its approval.

APPROVED Unanimously this 21st day of November 2005.

Certified Correct:

RAFAEL C. CACHOLA

SBM / Temporary Presiding Officer

Attested.

SAMUEL M. CORDERO Acting SB Secretary

CONFORME:

SBM MARGARITO A. TEJADA

SBM OSCAR R. POTENCION

(Constrolly C. Calsemill

SBM ROSALINDA C. CABANILLA

SBM JOEL CONSTANTINO C. COPIOZO

SBM JACINTO C. GARCES
ABC President

SBM/TEOFILO M. CABREROS

SBM IRVIN R. LIM

SBM CARLITO T. CORRALES

SBM ELIEZER S. CORRALES

SKF President

Approved:

EDGARDO D. ZARAGOZA Municipal Mayor

RATIONALE

The 20% Development Fund from the internal Revenue Allotment will be utilized primarily on priority projects, supportive to local development needs, rendering a more efficient delivery of basic services, providing the opportunity in uplifting the welfare of the constituents, in attaining and sustaining programs in the community.

The Municipal Development Council and the Sangguniang Bayan, tasked with the formulation of the Annual Development Plan CY 2018, herewith identify the following priority projects for implementation, to wit:

Improvement of Municipal Building
Maintenance and Installation of Streetlights
Tourism Development /Festivities
Flood and Erosion Control
Solid Waste Management/Maintenance
Urban Greening
Health Facility

OBJECTIVES

Generally, the ADP CY 2018 aims to enhance the socio-economic well-being of the people of Narvacan in conformity with existing laws, rules and regulations.

Specifically, it aims to achieve the following:

- 1. Improvement of Municipal Building to ensure a safe working place for the municipal employees as well the people who come to the place.
- 2. Maintenance and Installation of Streetlights to ensure safe places for residents and the transients.
- 3. Tourism Development/Festivities development of tourism industry of the municipality, like , tourist spots, tourism facilities and festivals in the locality .
- Flood & Erosion Control de-clogging of canals and drainage systems, construction of flood And erosion facilities
- Solid Waste Management/Maintenance Maintenance of the Sanitary Landfill and the proper disposal of waste
- 6. Urban Greening for the beautification, cleanliness and greening of the Community
- 7. Health Facility additional fund for the Lying-in Clinic/RHU

ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT

The implementation of the project under ADP CY 2018 shall be under the overall supervision of the Municipal Mayor. The project monitoring committee shall be responsible in monitoring the implementation of the same.

The Municipal Mayor shall tap the services of the concerned agencies and head offices for their support to effect smooth implementation. The people will be made aware of these projects/programs to enlist their participation and involvement for the development of Narvacan and every Narvacaneo concerned.

The municipal Treasurer, being the property custodian of the municipality, will disburse development funds observing strictly all existing rules, regulation governing public funds to safeguard and ensure effective, efficient and economic utilization of scarce resources.